

2017 Spanish Reading National 5 Finalised Marking Instructions

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General marking principles for National 5 Spanish Reading

This information is provided to help you understand the general principles you must apply when marking candidate responses to questions in this paper. These principles must be read in conjunction with the detailed marking instructions, which identify the key features required in candidate responses.

- (a) Marks for each candidate response must always be assigned in line with these general marking principles and the detailed marking instructions for this assessment.
- (b) Marking should always be positive. This means that, for each candidate response, marks are accumulated for the demonstration of relevant skills, knowledge and understanding: they are not deducted from a maximum on the basis of errors or omissions.
- (c) Award a mark to each answer. Marks are not transferable between questions.
- (d) For questions that ask candidates to 'state' or 'give', candidates must give a brief, accurate response/name.

Detailed marking instructions for each question — Reading

Que	estion	E	Expected answer(s)		Unacceptable answers
1.	(a)	•	A <u>very</u> powerful tool	1	Useful
	(b)	•	Free/cost nothing Increase/improve pupil/student motivation	2	Gratuitous/not expensive Intelligence/intelligent Give/help/assist Motivate pupils Increase the motivation of the class(room)
	(c)	•	Development of/develops technology/IT/ICT Promotes/shows/makes them aware of different uses of mobiles/phones	2	Coordinates IT/in charge of IT/technology Teaches/is a teacher Promotes the use of mobiles/the use of different mobiles/ different apps Investigates/expands Develop computers/computing
	(d)	•	(Take/have) a break/a rest/time out/a pause from technology/IT/ICT/put technology on hold To relate/talk/connect to classmates/companions in class face to face	2	Make a pause/press pause/pause/stop/stop using technology A break from mobiles/phones Have a relationship/make new friends companions/friends/people/others
	(e)	•	Everyone uses them/it in everyday/daily life	1	All the world/the world/the whole world/we/one/you
	(f)	•	Turn/switch/put on the/your mobiles/phones Instead of/rather than open the/your books	2	Log on/switch off/get/take your phones out Set fire to your phones Close/get out your books/jotters At the same time/in turn of
				(10)	

Que	estion		Expected answer(s)		Unacceptable answers
2.	(a)		• 16-25	1	Students 16 and 25 Any other numbers
	(b)		 A (university) degree/university qualification/diploma Several/various/a few/some years of work experience 	2	Licence/university course graduate/graduating Many/lots of years Industrial/labour experience
	(c)		 (Young) people for part-time jobs/work/contracts/hours (People for) fixed-term/period/time contracts/ people to hire/who can work for a fixed time NB "people" need only be mentioned once in the candidate's answer 	2	Students Part-time jobs People to work half a day Fixed hours/position/permanent Fixed contract (of) time/period Full time contract Fixed contract
	(d)	(i)	To fund/pay for/finance/cover his everyday/daily life/expenses	1	
		(ii)	A selection of/a lot of/many jobs/offers/job offers	1	Job/job offer Offers
	(e)		 The company's/firm's/business'/enterprise's values What the job/work is about/involves/deals with 	2	The value/security/importance of the company Treats/traits How to handle/deal with the job What's the deal with the job/the deal of work What job you're dealing with What the job is/the kind/type of job
	(f)		You will/could/can find/get/have your dream job Some/one/any day	1	Next day Found your dream job
				(10)	

Que	estion	l	Expected answer(s)	Max mark	Unacceptable answers
3.	(a)		 The economic/financial crisis/recession Buying/booking/shopping for airline/plane tickets/flights online/on the internet Buying nights in a hotel/booking hotels from a mobile/phone 	2	The economy has suffered Bills Buying hotels/planes Book hotels at night
			(Any 2 from 3)		
	(b)		Tourism for single people/singles/people on their own/bachelors/single men/single tourists	2	Single women/single tourism Solitary people Unmarried Travel/holidays/tours for singles
			Spas/health/seaside resorts		Resorts Seaside visits
			NB single tourists who visit spas/seaside resorts = 1 mark		seasine visits
	(c)	(i)	Out/outside of the ordinary/norm/unusual holidays/holidays that aren't normal	1	Organising holidays Abnormal/outdoor Outside/out of/away from/far from/further than the normal
		(ii)	 Tired/fed up/bored of the beach/seaside Matches/in keeping/agrees/in harmony with their hobbies/interests/likes/likings 	2	Married at/love the beach According to their needs/preferences/affections
		(iii)	 It was created/opened during the (economic) crisis/recession Income has increased/better income (He is) opening/opens a new/another branch/shop/office 	1	Survived Made a lot of money Opened
			(Any 1 from 3)		
		(iv)	 Offer/do/have something different/different holidays/things/deals Anticipate/foresee/predict customers'/clients' wishes/desires/wants 	2	Be different Bring forward/give/do/grant what the customers wants Needs/demands/decisions/choices
				(10)	

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]



2017 Spanish Writing National 5 Finalised Marking Instructions

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General marking principles for National 5 Spanish Writing

Task: E-mail application for a job in this country or abroad, including information specified in six bullet points.

Assessment process:

- (a) Candidates will write a piece of extended writing in the modern language by addressing six bullet points. These bullet points will follow on from a job-related scenario. The bullet points will cover the four contexts of society, learning, employability and culture to allow candidates to use and adapt learned material. The first four bullet points will be the same each year and the last two will change to suit the scenario. Candidates need to address these 'unpredictable bullet points' in detail to access the full range of marks.
- (b) With reference to *content*, *accuracy* and *language resource*, assess the overall quality of the candidate's response and allocate it to a pegged mark. It is important to assess how candidates have addressed bullet points and detail in relation to this as highlighted in bold in *content*.

Category	Mark	Content	Accuracy	Language resource - variety, range, structures
Very good	20	The job advert has been addressed in a full and balanced way. The candidate uses detailed language. The candidate addresses the advert completely and competently, including information in response to both unpredictable bullet points. A range of verbs/verb forms, tenses and constructions is	The candidate handles all aspects of grammar and spelling accurately, although the language may contain one or two minor errors. Where the candidate attempts to use language more appropriate to Higher, a slightly higher number of inaccuracies need not detract from the overall very good impression.	The candidate is comfortable with the first person of the verb and generally uses a different verb in each sentence. Some modal verbs and infinitives may be used. There is good use of adjectives, adverbs and prepositional phrases and, where appropriate, word order. There may be a range of tenses. The candidate uses co-ordinating
		overall this comes over as a competent, well thought-out and serious application for the job.		conjunctions and/or subordinate clauses where appropriate. The language of the e- mail flows well.

Category	Mark	Content	Accuracy	Language resource - variety, range, structures
Good	16	The job advert has been addressed competently. There is less evidence of detailed language. The candidate uses a reasonable range of verbs/verb forms. Overall, the candidate has produced a genuine, reasonably accurate attempt at applying for the specific job, even though he/she may not address one of the unpredictable bullet points.	The candidate handles a range of verbs fairly accurately. There are some errors in spelling, adjective endings and, where relevant, case endings. Use of accents is less secure, where appropriate. Where the candidate is attempting to use more complex vocabulary and structures, these may be less successful, although basic structures are used accurately. There may be one or two examples of inaccurate dictionary use, especially in the unpredictable bullet points.	There may be repetition of verbs. There may be examples of listing, in particular when referring to school/college experience, without further amplification. There may be one or two examples of a coordinating conjunction, but most sentences are simple sentences. The candidate keeps to more basic vocabulary, particularly in response to either or both unpredictable bullet points.

Category	Mark	Content	Accuracy	Language resource - variety, range, structures
Satisfactory	12	The job advert has been addressed fairly competently. The candidate makes limited use of detailed language. The language is fairly repetitive and uses a limited range of verbs and fixed phrases, eg / like, I go, I play. The candidate copes fairly well with areas of personal details, education, skills, interests and work experience but does not deal fully with the two unpredictable bullet points and indeed may not address either or both of the unpredictable bullet points. On balance however the candidate has produced a satisfactory job application in the specific language.	The verbs are generally correct, but may be repetitive. There are quite a few errors in other parts of speech — gender of nouns, cases, singular/plural confusion, for instance. Prepositions may be missing, eg <i>I go the town</i> . Overall, there is more correct than incorrect.	The candidate copes with the first and third person of a few verbs, where appropriate. A limited range of verbs is used. Sentences are basic and mainly brief. There is minimal use of adjectives, probably mainly after is eg chemistry is interesting. The candidate has a weak knowledge of plurals. There may be several spelling errors, eg reversal of vowel combinations.

Category	Mark	Content	Accuracy	Language resource - variety, range, structures
Unsatisfactory	8	The job advert has been addressed in an uneven manner and/or with insufficient use of detailed language. The language is repetitive, eg I like, I go, I play may feature several times. There may be little difference between satisfactory and unsatisfactory. Either or both of the unpredictable bullet points may not have been addressed. There may be one sentence which is not intelligible to a sympathetic native speaker.	Ability to form tenses is inconsistent. There are errors in many other parts of speech — gender of nouns, cases, singular/plural confusion, for instance. Several errors are serious, perhaps showing mother tongue interference. The detail in the unpredictable bullet points may be very weak. Overall, there is more incorrect than correct.	The candidate copes mainly only with the personal language required in bullet points 1 and 2. The verbs "is" and "study" may also be used correctly. Sentences are basic. An English word may appear in the writing. There may be an example of serious dictionary misuse.

Category	Mark	Content	Accuracy	Language resource - variety, range, structures
Poor	4	The candidate has had considerable difficulty in addressing the job advert. There is little evidence of the use of detailed language. Three or four sentences may not be understood by a sympathetic native speaker. Either or both of the unpredictable bullet points may not have been addressed.	Many of the verbs are incorrect. There are many errors in other parts of speech — personal pronouns, gender of nouns, cases, singular/ plural confusion, prepositions, for instance. The language is probably inaccurate throughout the writing.	The candidate cannot cope with more than one or two basic verbs. The candidate displays almost no knowledge of the present tense of verbs. Verbs used more than once may be written differently on each occasion. Sentences are very short. The candidate has a very limited vocabulary. Several English words may appear in the writing. There are examples of serious dictionary misuse.
Very poor	0	The candidate is unable to address the job advert. The two unpredictable bullet points may not have been addressed. Very little is intelligible to a sympathetic native speaker.	Virtually nothing is correct.	The candidate may only cope with the verbs to have and to be. Very few words are written correctly in the modern language. English words are used. There may be several examples of mother tongue interference. There may be several examples of serious dictionary misuse.

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]



2017 Spanish Listening National 5 Finalised Marking Instructions

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General marking principles for National 5 Spanish Listening

This information is provided to help you understand the general principles you must apply when marking candidate responses to questions in this paper. These principles must be read in conjunction with the detailed marking instructions, which identify the key features required in candidate responses.

- (a) Marks for each candidate response must <u>always</u> be assigned in line with these general marking principles and the detailed marking instructions for this assessment.
- (b) Marking should always be positive. This means that, for each candidate response, marks are accumulated for the demonstration of relevant skills, knowledge and understanding: they are not deducted from a maximum on the basis of errors or omissions.
- (c) The marking instructions indicate the essential idea that a candidate should provide for each answer.
- (d) The answers for each question must come from the item.
- (e) There are a number of supported marks across the two items. Where there are supported marks in the form of a grid, award zero marks where a candidate ticks all boxes.
- (f) For questions that ask candidates to 'state' or 'give', candidates must give a brief, accurate response/name.

Detailed marking instructions for each question

Que	estion	Expected answer(s)	Max mark	Unacceptable answers
1.	(a)	Small town/village30 km from the city/town(Any 1 from 2)	1	Small city 30 miles or any other number
	(b)	Keep/stay in touch/maintain contact with friendsListen to music	2	Talk to/see/text your friends Contact/communicate
	(c)	 Played/playing in the garden Watched/watching cartoons/animated films 	2	Played outside Animations Drawing cartoons
	(d)	Five years agoChristmas(Any 1 from 2)	1	Five years old After five years Five
	(e)	 Reading magazines Plays guitar OR Is in a group/band with friends 	2	Reading Reading books/comics/newspapers Going out with friends Has a group of friends
			8	

Que	estion		Expected answer(s)		Unacceptable answers
2.	(a)		• 4 hours	1	
	(b)		She does not think she watches too much television (Box 1) NB if more than one box is ticked 0 marks are awarded	1	
	(c)		After homeworkAt dinner/tea time	1	While doing homework After dinner
			(Any 1 from 2)		
	(d)		 Gets up late Has to make her bed Has to walk dog (has to make her bed and walk the dog = 2 marks) (Any 2 from 3)	2	Wakes up late/always/makes her late Do her bed
	(e)		 They are fun They relax me/they are relaxing (Any 1 from 2)	1	Funny/amusing/enjoyable/entertaining
	(f)	(i)	 They're stupid/silly They're not realistic/unrealistic/not real (Any 1 from 2) 	1	
		(ii)	 Foreign films/foreign cinema/films from abroad/ films from other countries Cookery competitions/cookery game shows (Any 1 from 2) 	1	Films abroad Cookery programmes/shows Kitchen game shows

Que	Question		Expected answer(s)		Unacceptable answers
	(g)	(i)	 Her parents don't like the same programmes/don't like what she watches Her brother thinks it's a waste of time Her brother prefers going out with friends (Any 2 from 3)	2	They/her dad Her sister Being/hanging out with friends
		(ii)	Eat/have lunch/dinnerVisit gran/go and see gran	2	Go out to eat/for dinner/for meals/eat out/cook Grandfather/grandparents
				12	

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]